§1625.16 Termination funding.

After a final decision to deny refunding, and without regard to whether a hearing has occurred, the Corporation may authorize temporary funding if necessary to enable a recipient to close or transfer current matters in a manner consistent with the professional responsibility of the recipient and the recipient's attorneys to their present clients.

PART 1626—RESTRICTIONS ON LEGAL ASSISTANCE TO ALIENS

Sec

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Source: $61\ FR\ 45751$, Aug. 29, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§1626.1 Purpose.

This part prohibits recipients from providing legal assistance for or on behalf of ineligible aliens. It is also designed to assist recipients in determining the eligibility and immigration status of persons who seek legal assistance and to provide guidelines for referral of ineligible persons.

§ 1626.2 Definitions.

(a) Eligible alien means a person who is not a U.S. citizen but who meets the requirements of §1626.4.

(b) Ineligible alien means a person who is not a U.S. citizen and who does not meet the requirements of §1626.4.

(c) Rejected refers to an application for adjustment of status that has been denied by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and is not subject to further administrative appeal.

(d) To provide legal assistance on behalf of an ineligible alien is to render legal assistance to an eligible client which benefits an ineligible alien and does not affect a specific legal right or interest of the eligible client.

§1626.3 Prohibition.

Recipients may not provide legal services for or on behalf of an ineligible alien beyond normal intake and referral services.

§1626.4 Alien status and eligibility.

Subject to all other eligibility requirements and restrictions of the LSC Act and regulations and other applicable law, a recipient may provide legal assistance to an alien who is present in the United States and who is within one of the following categories:

- (a) An alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as an immigrant as defined by section 1101(a)(20) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20));
- (b) An alien who is either married to a United States citizen or is a parent or an unmarried child under the age of 21 of such a citizen and who has filed an application for adjustment of status to permanent resident under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and such application has not been rejected;
- (c) An alien who is lawfully present in the United States pursuant to an admission under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1157 relating to refugee admissions) or who has been granted asylum by the Attorney General under section 208 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158), or who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of being granted conditional entry pursuant to section 203(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(a)(7)) before April 1, 1980, because of persecution or fear of persecution on account of race, religion, or political opinion or because of being uprooted by catastrophic natural calamity;
- (d) An alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the Attorney General's withholding of deportation pursuant to section 243(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1253(h)); or
- (e) An alien who meets the requirements of §1626.7, 1626.8 or 1626.9.